



The Labor Market Report

Foreign-born Workers in 2016

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Governor**

TENNESSEE

Department of Labor and Workforce Development

According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the unemployment rate for foreign-born persons in the United States was 4.3 percent in 2016, down from 4.9 percent in 2015. The rate for native-born persons fell to 5.0 percent in 2016 from 5.4 percent in the prior year.

In 2016, there were 27.0 million foreign-born persons in the U.S. labor force, comprising 16.9 percent of the total. Hispanics accounted for 48.3 percent of the foreign-born labor force in 2016 while Asians accounted for 25.0 percent.

The foreign-born are persons who reside in the United States but who were born outside the country or one of its outlying areas to parents who were not U.S. citizens. The foreign-born include legally and illegally-admitted immigrants, refugees, and temporary residents such as students and temporary workers.

Labor Force Information

In 2016, the labor force participation rate of foreign-born workers was 65.2 percent while it was 62.3 percent for native-born workers. The highest labor force participation rate for both native and foreign-born workers was in the West North Central region.

In 2016, foreign-born mothers with children under 18 years old were less likely to be labor force participants than were native-born mothers--58.9 percent versus 73.9 percent. The labor force participation rate of foreign-born mothers with children under age 6 was 49.5 percent in 2016, much lower than that for native-born mothers with children under age 6, at 69.0 percent.

The foreign-born unemployment rates, in 2016, were 6.1 percent for Blacks, 4.7 percent for Hispanics, 3.7 percent

for Whites, and 3.4 percent for Asians. The native-born unemployment rates, in 2016, were 8.8 percent for Blacks, 6.8 percent for Hispanics, 4.2 percent for Asians, and 4.0 percent for Whites.

Occupations

In 2016, foreign-born workers were more likely than native-born workers to be employed in service occupations (23.5 percent versus 16.5 percent); in production, transportation, and material moving occupations (14.8 percent versus 11.1 percent); and in natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations (13.6 percent versus 8.3 percent). See Page 2.

The disparity was especially great in service occupations where 32.5 percent of employed foreign-born women worked in service occupations compared to 19.4 percent of employed native-born women.

Native-born workers were more likely than foreign-born workers to be employed in management, professional, and related occupations (40.7 percent versus 32.2 percent) and in sales and office occupations (23.4 percent versus 15.9 percent).

Earnings and Education

Foreign-born workers, in 2016, earned less than their native-born counterparts. They earned 83.1 percent of the earnings of their native-born counterparts (\$715 versus \$860). The median weekly earnings for foreign-born men (\$751) were 79.0 percent of the earnings of native-born men (\$951). The median weekly earnings for foreign-born women (\$655) were 86.0 percent of the earnings of native-born women (\$762).

Differences in earnings reflect a variety of factors, including variations in the distributions of *(Continued on Page 2)*

Foreign-born versus Native-born

Employment status for foreign-born and native-born populations, 2016 annual averages

Census region and division	2016						
	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force				Unemployed Number	Unemployed Rate
		Total	Participation Rate	Employed	Unemployed		
FOREIGN BORN							
Northeast	8,688	5,552	63.9%	5,288	263	4.7%	
New England	1,882	1,241	65.9	1,184	57	4.6	
Middle Atlantic	6,806	4,310	63.3	4,104	207	4.8	
South	14,023	9,359	66.7	8,997	362	3.9	
South Atlantic	8,213	5,487	66.8	5,268	219	4.0	
East South Central	695	466	67.0	452	13	2.9	
West South Central	5,115	3,406	66.6	3,277	129	3.8	
Midwest	4,465	2,997	67.1	2,875	122	4.1	
East North Central	3,287	2,178	66.3	2,095	84	3.8	
West North Central	1,178	818	69.5	780	38	4.6	
West	14,144	9,044	63.9	8,619	424	4.7	
Mountain	2,654	1,743	65.7	1,663	80	4.6	
Pacific	11,491	7,300	63.5	6,956	344	4.7	
NATIVE BORN							
Northeast	36,630	22,978	62.7%	21,870	1,108	4.8%	
New England	10,106	6,604	65.3	6,340	264	4.0	
Middle Atlantic	26,523	16,374	61.7	15,530	844	5.2	
South	81,021	48,854	60.3	46,381	2,473	5.1	
South Atlantic	42,178	25,458	60.4	24,180	1,278	5.0	
East South Central	14,100	8,138	57.7	7,700	438	5.4	
West South Central	24,742	15,257	61.7	14,500	757	5.0	
Midwest	48,896	31,875	65.2	30,364	1,511	4.7	
East North Central	33,596	21,467	63.9	20,364	1,103	5.1	
West North Central	15,300	10,407	68.0	10,000	408	3.9	
West	45,671	28,530	62.5	27,042	1,488	5.2	
Mountain	15,678	9,889	63.1	9,435	454	4.6	
Pacific	29,993	18,641	62.2	17,607	1,034	5.5	

NOTE: The states (plus the District of Columbia) that comprise the census divisions are: New England (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont); Middle Atlantic (New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania); South Atlantic (Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia); East South Central (Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, and Tennessee); West South Central (Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas); East North Central (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin); West North Central (Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota); Mountain (Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming); Pacific (Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, and Washington). Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Employed foreign-born and native-born persons by occupation and sex, 2016 annual averages

Occupation	Foreign born			Native born		
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
Total employed (in thousands)	25,779	15,007	10,772	125,657	65,561	60,096
Percent of Total Employed (by occupation)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Management/professional/related occupations	32.2	30.2	34.9	40.7	37.1	44.6
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	12.4	12.6	12.1	17.3	18.5	16
Management occupations	8.7	9.7	7.4	12.1	14	10
Business and financial operations occupations	3.7	3	4.7	5.2	4.5	6
Professional and related occupations	19.8	17.5	22.8	23.4	18.6	28.6
Computer and mathematical occupations	4.6	6	2.7	2.7	3.8	1.5
Architecture and engineering occupations	2.2	3.2	0.8	2	3.3	0.6
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.9	0.8
Community and social service occupations	1	0.7	1.3	1.9	1.2	2.6
Legal occupations	0.5	0.3	0.8	1.3	1.3	1.4
Education, training, and library occupations	3.7	2.1	5.9	6.4	3.2	9.8
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1.4	1.3	1.7	2.2	2.1	2.2
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	5.1	2.8	8.3	6.1	2.7	9.8
Service/occupations	23.5	17.1	32.5	16.5	13.8	19.4
Healthcare support occupations	2.7	0.6	5.5	2.3	0.5	4.2
Protective service occupations	0.9	1.2	0.5	2.3	3.4	1.1
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.3	6.9	7.9	5.3	4.5	6.2
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	8.2	6.9	9.9	2.9	3.7	2.1
Personal care and service occupations	4.6	1.5	8.8	3.7	1.7	5.9
Sales/office occupations	15.9	12.1	21.2	23.4	17.1	30.3
Sales and related occupations	8.4	7.6	9.4	10.9	10.6	11.2
Office and administrative support occupations	7.5	4.5	11.8	12.5	6.5	19.1
Natural resources/construction/maintenance occupations	13.6	22	1.8	8.3	15.2	0.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	1.7	2.3	1	0.5	0.8	0.2
Construction and extraction occupations	9.1	15.1	0.6	4.5	8.3	0.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	2.7	4.6	0.2	3.3	6.1	0.3
Production/transportation/material moving occupations	14.8	18.6	9.6	11.1	16.8	4.8
Production occupations	7.5	8.2	6.6	5.2	7.4	2.8
Transportation and material moving occupations	7.3	10.4	3	5.9	9.4	2

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers for foreign-born and native-born by sex, age, race, education, 2016 annual averages

Characteristics	2016				
	Foreign born		Native born		Earnings of foreign born Native-born (percent)
	Number	Median weekly earnings	Number	Median weekly earnings	
Total, over 16 years (in thousands)	19,463	\$715	91,628	\$860	83.1%
Men	12,008	751	49,922	951	79.0
Women	7,455	655	41,706	762	86.0
AGE					
16 to 24 years	1,081	\$497	8,995	\$502	99.0%
25 to 34 years	4,532	667	22,924	767	87.0
35 to 44 years	5,432	756	19,851	972	77.8
45 to 54 years	4,929	765	20,723	995	76.9
55 to 64 years	2,774	796	15,722	977	81.5
65 years and over	715	735	3,412	897	81.9
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY (1)					
White non-Hispanic or Latino	2,967	\$1,025	66,686	\$927	110.6%
Black non-Hispanic or Latino	1,849	693	11,287	677	102.4
Asian non-Hispanic or Latino	4,993	1,061	1,818	975	108.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	9,417	582	9,533	697	83.5
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT					
Total, 25 years and over	18,383	\$735	82,633	\$914	80.4%
Less than high school diploma	4,051	489	3,057	525	93.1
High school graduates, no college (2)	4,379	608	21,096	709	85.8
Some college/associate degree	2,987	710	24,321	789	90.0
Bachelor's degree/higher(3)	6,966	1,311	34,159	1,253	104.6

Footnotes: (1) Data for race/ethnicity groups do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. (2) Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent. (3) Includes persons with post-secondary degrees.

Pay of Foreign-born Workers

foreign-born and native-born workers by educational attainment, occupation, industry, and geographic region.

In 2016, 22.4 percent of the foreign-born labor force age 25 and over had not completed high school, compared to 4.5 percent of the native-born labor force.

The earnings of both foreign-born and native-born workers increased with education. In 2016, foreign-born workers age 25 and over with less than a high school education earned \$489 per week, while those with a bachelor's degree and higher earned about 2.7 times as much (\$1,311 per week). This was not significantly different from the earnings of native-born workers (\$1,253). The gap between the earnings of foreign-born and native-born workers closes at higher levels of education.

TENNESSEE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 1987 to present

COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES*

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

MONTHLY DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Year and Month	Civilian Labor Force						Unemployed	
	Total	Employment	Employed			Number	Rate (%)	
			Total	**Manu- facturing	**Trade			**Services
1987	2,334.8	2,180.7	2,011.6	497.4	477.2	408.9	154.1	6.6 %
1988	2,345.2	2,208.6	2,092.1	511.9	495.6	440.3	136.6	5.8
1989	2,367.3	2,247.2	2,167.2	524.5	508.4	467.2	120.2	5.1
1990	2,394.7	2,266.8	2,193.2	493.4	379.1	611.0	128.0	5.3
1991	2,413.7	2,250.6	2,183.6	480.3	373.0	626.7	163.1	6.8
1992	2,457.2	2,297.4	2,245.0	492.8	374.1	664.8	159.8	6.5
1993	2,526.9	2,380.5	2,328.5	502.8	382.5	709.8	146.4	5.8
1994	2,659.9	2,531.1	2,423.0	513.8	398.4	751.4	128.8	4.8
1995	2,732.2	2,591.5	2,498.9	518.0	412.6	795.0	140.7	5.2
1996	2,767.0	2,623.8	2,533.3	501.5	420.9	814.3	143.2	5.2
1997	2,786.1	2,639.2	2,584.0	498.0	430.5	849.7	146.9	5.3
1998	2,812.4	2,691.5	2,638.4	498.6	437.1	875.7	120.9	4.3
1999	2,852.4	2,739.2	2,685.3	494.7	443.6	900.8	113.3	4.0
2000	2,843.1	2,733.3	2,728.9	488.1	447.5	930.9	109.8	3.9
2001	2,861.3	2,731.0	2,688.3	454.2	446.6	921.5	130.4	4.6
2002	2,906.6	2,756.1	2,664.4	428.5	438.7	938.0	150.5	5.2
2003	2,912.2	2,748.1	2,667.5	414.1	440.8	950.3	164.0	5.6
2004	2,878.7	2,725.1	2,706.1	411.8	447.5	978.7	153.6	5.3
2005	2,904.8	2,743.4	2,743.1	408.8	454.6	1,005.6	161.4	5.6
2006	3,036.0	2,878.5	2,783.1	400.1	460.6	1,030.4	157.6	5.2
2007	3,063.7	2,920.4	2,797.4	380.0	463.5	1,052.8	143.3	4.7
2008	3,054.8	2,853.7	2,774.8	361.0	457.0	1,058.2	201.0	6.6
2009	3,052.7	2,733.1	2,619.8	309.2	427.8	1,025.3	319.6	10.5
2010	3,090.8	2,792.1	2,615.4	298.9	423.5	1,041.2	298.7	9.7
2011	3,125.3	2,844.7	2,661.4	304.4	427.1	1,076.8	280.6	9.0
2012	3,100.7	2,857.9	2,714.0	313.4	433.3	1,112.2	242.7	7.8
2013	3,072.5	2,832.9	2,749.7	318.8	437.2	1,139.2	239.6	7.8
2014	3,040.1	2,841.5	2,822.2	324.9	441.1	1,184.4	198.6	6.5
2015	3,070.9	2,899.2	2,893.9	333.0	445.5	1,224.0	171.8	5.6
2016	3,135.1	2,984.3	2,965.8	343.3	453.7	1,260.5	150.8	4.8
2017								
January	3,163.8	2,982.4	2,959.9	344.3	458.8	1,243.8	181.4	5.7 %
February	3,166.5	3,010.9	2,976.9	346.6	455.3	1,253.4	155.5	4.9
March (r)	3,177.4	3,030.7	3,001.3	346.6	456.6	1,269.4	146.7	4.6
April (p)	3,164.5	3,048.2	3,019.3	347.3	459.9	1,282.3	116.3	3.7
May								
June								
July								
August								
September								
October								
November								
December								

(r)=revised

**These industries not comparable to industry employment data before

(p)=preliminary

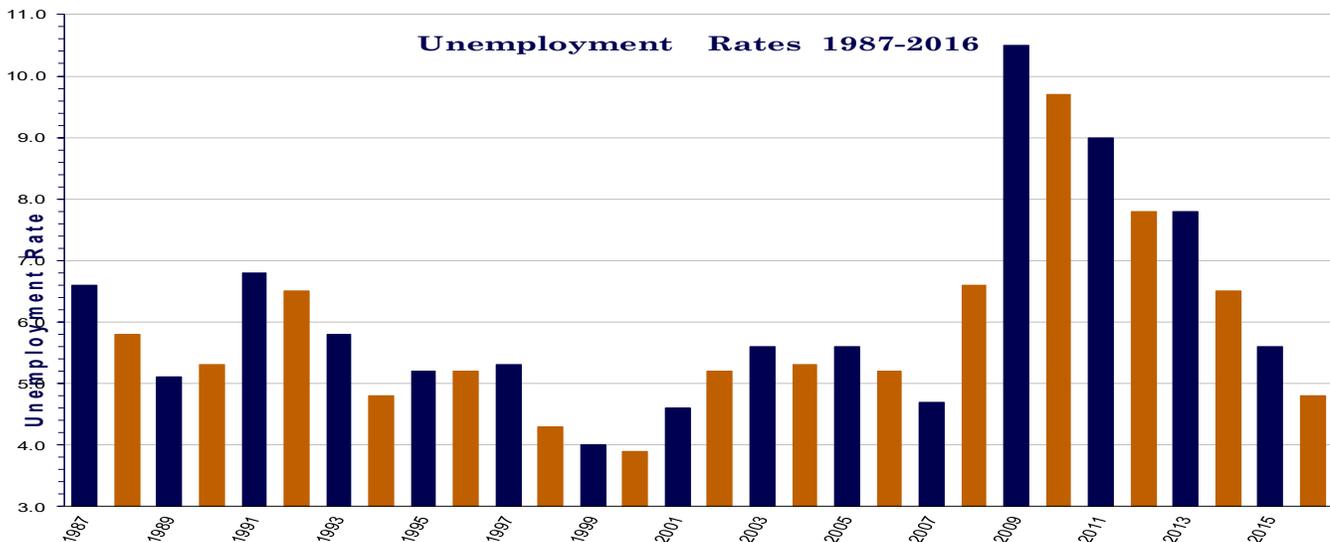
1990 because of changes to NAICS coding system.

Trade = Wholesale and Retail Trade

Services = Professional/Business Services, Educational/Health Services.

County	Apr 2016	Apr 2017	County	Apr 2016	Apr 2017
Anderson	4.3	3.8	Lauderdale	7.3	6.0
Bedford	4.3	3.8	Lawrence	5.2	4.1
Benton	6.5	5.2	Lewis	5.5	4.6
Bledsoe	6.2	5.7	Lincoln	3.5	3.1
Blount	3.7	3.4	Loudon	4.1	3.6
Bradley	3.9	3.5	Macon	3.9	3.4
Campbell	6.5	5.3	Madison	4.3	3.9
Cannon	4.0	3.4	Marion	5.4	4.5
Carroll	5.9	5.1	Marshall	4.1	3.2
Carter	4.8	4.3	Maury	3.6	3.0
Cheatham	3.5	3.1	McMinn	4.9	4.3
Chester	4.5	3.9	McNairy	6.0	5.2
Claiborne	5.5	4.8	Meigs	6.7	4.7
Clay	6.2	4.8	Monroe	4.6	4.0
Cocoe	5.5	5.9	Montgomery	4.4	4.1
Coffee	4.2	3.7	Moore	3.1	3.0
Crockett	4.7	4.1	Morgan	5.7	5.2
Cumberland	5.1	4.4	Obion	6.1	5.4
Davidson	3.2	2.7	Overton	4.6	4.1
Decatur	6.3	5.1	Perry	6.0	5.0
DeKalb	4.9	4.9	Pickett	5.9	4.6
Dickson	3.9	3.2	Polk	5.2	4.4
Dyer	5.8	4.6	Putnam	4.2	3.7
Fayette	4.5	3.9	Rhea	6.4	6.6
Fentress	5.7	4.5	Roane	4.9	4.3
Franklin	4.0	3.7	Robertson	3.8	3.6
Gibson	5.4	4.7	Rutherford	3.3	2.9
Giles	3.5	3.1	Scott	6.8	5.5
Grainger	4.6	4.2	Sequatchie	5.3	4.5
Greene	4.8	4.0	Sevier	4.2	3.7
Grundy	5.4	4.9	Shelby	4.8	4.4
Hamblen	4.5	3.9	Smith	4.2	3.3
Hamilton	4.1	3.6	Stewart	6.2	5.4
Hancock	7.1	5.5	Sullivan	4.5	4.0
Hardeman	5.8	4.9	Sumner	3.5	2.9
Hardin	5.2	4.7	Tipton	5.3	4.4
Hawkins	4.8	4.2	Trousdale	4.6	3.3
Haywood	5.8	5.1	Unicoi	6.2	5.0
Henderson	6.5	4.9	Union	4.8	4.2
Henry	5.2	4.3	Van Buren	5.3	4.4
Hickman	4.1	3.3	Warren	4.1	3.7
Houston	7.3	5.5	Washington	4.2	3.6
Humphreys	5.7	4.0	Wayne	5.9	5.0
Jackson	6.9	5.8	Weakley	4.8	4.2
Jefferson	4.7	4.0	White	4.4	4.0
Johnson	3.9	3.6	Williamson	3.0	2.6
Knox	3.5	3.2	Wilson	3.4	2.9
Lake	6.7	5.4			

*Data Not Seasonally Adjusted



Statewide

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	April 2016	Revised March 2017	Preliminary April 2017	Net Change	
				Apr. 2016 Apr. 2017	Mar. 2017 Apr. 2017
Total Nonfarm	2,963.2	3,001.3	3,019.3	56.1	18.0
Total Private	2,527.2	2,558.3	2,578.9	51.7	20.6
Goods-Producing	459.4	470.3	471.6	12.2	1.3
Mining, Logging, & Construction	117.5	123.7	124.3	6.8	0.6
Mining and Logging	4.0	4.1	4.3	0.3	0.2
Construction	113.5	119.6	120.0	6.5	0.4
Construction of Buildings	24.9	26.4	25.7	0.8	-0.7
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	14.7	14.9	16.0	1.3	1.1
Specialty Trade Contractors	73.9	78.3	78.3	4.4	0.0
Manufacturing	341.9	346.6	347.3	5.4	0.7
Durable Goods Manufacturing	217.8	220.5	221.2	3.4	0.7
Wood Product Manufacturing	11.9	12.1	12.1	0.2	0.0
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	13.2	13.8	13.8	0.6	0.0
Primary Metal Manufacturing	10.6	10.5	10.5	-0.1	0.0
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	35.8	34.8	35.5	-0.3	0.7
Machinery Manufacturing	25.7	25.6	25.7	0.0	0.1
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	4.7	4.4	4.5	-0.2	0.1
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	19.7	20.2	20.1	0.4	-0.1
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	71.4	73.9	73.9	2.5	0.0
Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing	9.3	9.6	9.5	0.2	-0.1
Miscellaneous Manufacturing Durable Goods	15.5	15.6	15.6	0.1	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	124.1	126.1	126.1	2.0	0.0
Food Manufacturing	33.9	34.6	34.6	0.7	0.0
Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	6.4	6.8	6.9	0.5	0.1
Paper Manufacturing	14.5	14.2	14.2	-0.3	0.0
Printing & Related Support Activities	9.3	9.1	9.1	-0.2	0.0
Chemical Manufacturing	25.4	25.3	25.3	-0.1	0.0
Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	23.0	24.3	24.2	1.2	-0.1
Plastics Product Manufacturing	14.0	14.2	14.2	0.2	0.0
Rubber Product Manufacturing	9.0	10.1	10.0	1.0	-0.1
Service-Providing	2,503.8	2,531.0	2,547.7	43.9	16.7
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	613.6	618.4	624.7	11.1	6.3
Wholesale Trade	118.9	120.5	120.7	1.8	0.2
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	61.9	62.2	62.4	0.5	0.2
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	40.5	40.9	40.9	0.4	0.0
Wholesale Electronic Markets	16.5	17.4	17.4	0.9	0.0
Retail Trade	332.5	336.1	339.2	6.7	3.1
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	45.7	46.0	46.0	0.3	0.0
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	9.4	9.5	9.5	0.1	0.0
Building Material, Garden Equipment, & Supplies	30.3	30.3	30.8	0.5	0.5
Food & Beverage Stores	54.1	53.6	53.9	-0.2	0.3
Health & Personal Care Stores	23.8	24.4	24.4	0.6	0.0
Gasoline Stations	22.4	22.1	22.5	0.1	0.4
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	23.5	24.8	25.0	1.5	0.2
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	12.3	12.7	12.6	0.3	-0.1
General Merchandise Stores	72.6	76.0	76.9	4.3	0.9
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	17.7	16.8	17.4	-0.3	0.6
Nonstore Retailers	9.1	9.5	9.4	0.3	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	162.2	161.8	164.8	2.6	3.0
Utilities	3.4	3.3	3.3	-0.1	0.0
Transportation & Warehousing	158.8	158.5	161.5	2.7	3.0
Truck Transportation	59.5	59.9	60.8	1.3	0.9
Information	45.5	46.2	45.7	0.2	-0.5
Financial Activities	151.5	154.0	154.6	3.1	0.6
Finance & Insurance	113.9	114.7	115.6	1.7	0.9
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	37.6	39.3	39.0	1.4	-0.3
Professional & Business Services	401.5	409.6	411.2	9.7	1.6
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	132.1	134.9	133.7	1.6	-1.2
Management of Companies & Enterprises	44.4	45.3	45.4	1.0	0.1
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	225.0	229.4	232.1	7.1	2.7
Educational & Health Services	423.7	430.0	432.7	9.0	2.7
Educational Services	61.2	62.6	63.2	2.0	0.6
Health Care & Social Assistance	362.5	367.4	369.5	7.0	2.1
Ambulatory Health Care Services	145.8	148.1	149.8	4.0	1.7
Hospitals	106.4	109.3	109.3	2.9	0.0
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	61.6	61.0	61.3	-0.3	0.3
Social Assistance	48.7	49.0	49.1	0.4	0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	321.4	318.4	326.9	5.5	8.5
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	35.3	34.6	36.9	1.6	2.3
Accommodation & Food Services	286.1	283.8	290.0	3.9	6.2
Accommodation	35.7	35.0	36.8	1.1	1.8
Food Services & Drinking Places	250.4	248.8	253.2	2.8	4.4
Other Services	110.6	111.4	111.5	0.9	0.1
Government	436.0	443.0	440.4	4.4	-2.6
Federal Government	49.1	48.7	48.6	-0.5	-0.1
State Government	99.9	102.9	102.9	3.0	0.0
State Government Educational Services	59.4	61.9	61.7	2.3	-0.2
Local Government	287.0	291.4	288.9	1.9	-2.5
Local Government Educational Services	144.8	145.3	144.3	-0.5	-1.0

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT & LABOR FORCE NARRATIVE

Total nonfarm employment increased by 56,100 jobs from April 2016 to April 2017. There were large increases in professional/business services (up 9,700 jobs), which includes increases of 7,100 jobs in administrative/ support/waste management and 1,600 jobs in professional/scientific/technical services; health care/social assistance (up 7,000 jobs), which includes increases of 4,000 jobs in ambulatory health care services and 2,900 jobs in hospitals; retail trade (up 6,700 jobs), which includes increases of 4,300 jobs in general merchandise stores and 1,500 jobs in clothing/clothing accessories stores; and construction (up 6,500 jobs), which includes increases of 4,400 jobs in specialty trade contractors and 1,300 jobs in heavy/civil engineering construction.

There were smaller increases in accommodation/food services (up 3,900 jobs), which includes an increase of 2,800 jobs in food services/drinking places; financial activities (up 3,100 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,700 jobs in finance/insurance; state government (up 3,000 jobs); transportation/warehousing (up 2,700 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,300 jobs in truck transportation; transportation equipment manufacturing (up 2,500 jobs); local government (up 1,900 jobs); and arts/entertainment/recreation (up 1,600 jobs). In the last 12 months there were no large decreases.

During April 2017, nonfarm employment increased by 18,000 jobs. There were increases in accommodation/food services (up 6,200 jobs), which includes an increase of 4,400 jobs in food services/drinking places; retail trade (up 3,100 jobs); transportation/warehousing (up 3,000 jobs); administrative/support/waste management (up 2,700 jobs); arts/entertainment/recreation (up 2,300 jobs); health care/social assistance (up 2,100 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,700 jobs in ambulatory health care services; and heavy/civil engineering construction (up 1,100 jobs). This was partially offset by declines of 2,500 jobs in local government and 1,200 jobs in professional/scientific/technical services.

Tennessee's seasonally adjusted estimated unemployment rate for April 2017 was 4.7 percent, down 0.4 percentage point from the revised March 2017 rate. The United States unemployment rate in April 2017 was 4.4 percent, down 0.1 percentage point from the revised March 2017 rate. In April 2016, the U.S. seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 5.0 percent while the state rate was 4.6 percent.

The state unemployment rates decreased in all 95 counties. Seven of the lowest eight county rates were from the Nashville MSA. Meigs County had the largest decrease (down 3.2 percent). In April, the lowest rate was in Williamson County at 2.6 percent, down 0.7 percentage point, from the previous month, while the highest rate was in Rhea County, at 6.6 percent, down from 8.2 percent in March.

The data from all the nonfarm employment estimates tables include all full- and part-time nonfarm wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded. These numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 2016 benchmark.

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

April 2016

March 2017

April 2017

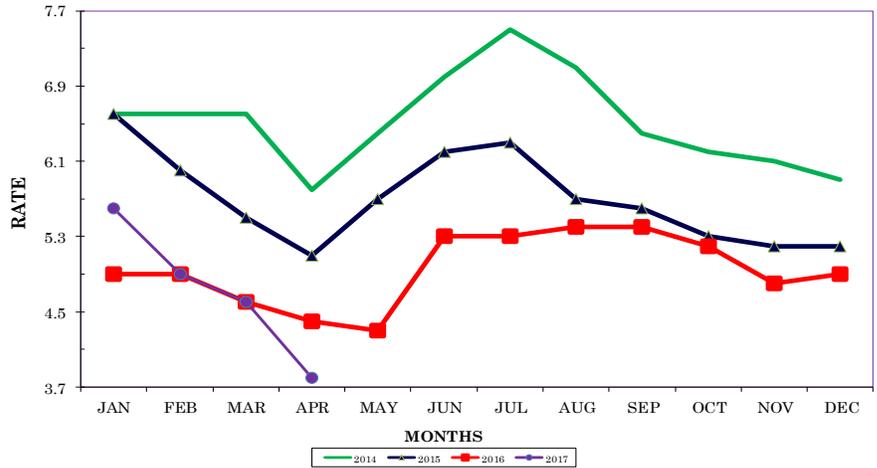
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	158,938,000	151,028,000	7,910,000	5.0	160,201,000	153,000,000	7,202,000	4.5	160,213,000	153,156,000	7,056,000	4.4
TENNESSEE	3,121,200	2,977,900	143,300	4.6	3,202,900	3,038,600	164,300	5.1	3,199,900	3,048,600	151,300	4.7
Not Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	158,488,000	151,075,000	7,413,000	4.7	159,912,000	152,628,000	7,284,000	4.6	159,817,000	153,262,000	6,555,000	4.1
TENNESSEE	3,106,400	2,976,100	130,400	4.2	3,177,400	3,030,700	146,700	4.6	3,164,500	3,048,200	116,300	3.7
Metropolitan Statistical Areas												
Chattanooga	257,610	246,390	11,220	4.4	264,390	252,320	12,070	4.6	264,770	254,650	10,120	3.8
Clarksville	109,210	104,030	5,180	4.7	112,210	106,040	6,170	5.5	112,050	106,860	5,190	4.6
Cleveland	56,580	54,260	2,320	4.1	58,360	55,650	2,720	4.7	58,250	56,110	2,140	3.7
Jackson	62,310	59,590	2,730	4.4	63,820	60,730	3,100	4.9	63,220	60,760	2,460	3.9
Johnson City	89,540	85,530	4,000	4.5	90,660	86,130	4,530	5.0	90,380	86,830	3,550	3.9
Kingsport	136,710	130,650	6,060	4.4	137,870	131,140	6,730	4.9	137,140	131,610	5,520	4.0
Knoxville	409,310	393,330	15,990	3.9	413,850	395,570	18,280	4.4	411,280	396,950	14,330	3.5
Memphis	617,420	588,310	29,120	4.7	629,910	598,410	31,510	5.0	628,390	602,060	26,330	4.2
Morristown	49,940	47,650	2,290	4.6	51,310	48,780	2,530	4.9	51,050	49,030	2,020	4.0
Nashville	962,430	930,350	32,080	3.3	996,790	961,330	35,460	3.6	995,020	966,560	28,460	2.9
Micropolitan Statistical Areas												
Athens	22,760	21,650	1,110	4.9	23,050	21,720	1,320	5.7	22,660	21,690	970	4.3
*Brownsville	7,640	7,190	450	5.8	7,810	7,320	490	6.3	7,750	7,350	400	5.1
Cookeville	46,790	44,660	2,130	4.6	47,760	45,310	2,450	5.1	47,440	45,550	1,890	4.0
Crossville	23,380	22,200	1,180	5.1	23,910	22,490	1,420	5.9	23,830	22,780	1,040	4.4
*Dayton	13,340	12,480	860	6.4	13,490	12,380	1,110	8.2	13,280	12,400	880	6.6
Dyersburg	16,370	15,410	960	5.8	16,750	15,740	1,010	6.0	16,470	15,700	770	4.6
Greeneville	30,480	29,020	1,460	4.8	31,470	29,830	1,650	5.2	31,190	29,930	1,260	4.0
Lawrenceburg	17,960	17,030	940	5.2	17,830	16,910	920	5.2	17,780	17,050	730	4.1
Lewisburg	15,010	14,400	610	4.1	15,700	15,080	620	3.9	15,640	15,140	510	3.2
Martin	15,780	15,020	760	4.8	15,710	14,870	830	5.3	15,500	14,850	660	4.2
McMinnville	17,550	16,830	720	4.1	17,560	16,760	810	4.6	17,260	16,630	630	3.7
Newport	14,310	13,520	790	5.5	14,460	13,440	1,030	7.1	14,480	13,630	850	5.9
Paris	13,750	13,030	720	5.2	13,970	13,180	790	5.6	13,850	13,250	600	4.3
Sevierville	51,180	49,040	2,140	4.2	50,780	47,790	2,990	5.9	51,510	49,590	1,920	3.7
Shelbyville	19,550	18,710	840	4.3	20,020	19,110	920	4.6	19,970	19,210	750	3.8
Tullahoma	47,100	45,180	1,910	4.1	48,290	46,070	2,220	4.6	48,150	46,400	1,760	3.7
Cities												
Bartlett	30,110	28,980	1,120	3.7	30,620	29,410	1,200	3.9	30,550	29,570	980	3.2
Brentwood	20,720	20,050	670	3.2	21,440	20,680	760	3.6	21,410	20,800	610	2.8
Bristol	11,620	11,030	580	5.0	11,670	11,050	610	5.3	11,530	11,090	430	3.8
Chattanooga	80,800	77,260	3,540	4.4	83,030	79,080	3,950	4.8	83,130	79,870	3,260	3.9
Clarksville	58,620	55,920	2,700	4.6	59,770	56,670	3,100	5.2	59,510	56,970	2,540	4.3
Cleveland	20,260	19,400	860	4.3	20,840	19,890	950	4.6	20,810	20,060	750	3.6
Collierville	24,490	23,680	810	3.3	24,990	24,030	960	3.8	24,890	24,160	730	2.9
Columbia	16,740	16,010	730	4.3	17,260	16,560	700	4.1	17,220	16,640	580	3.4
Cookeville	13,470	12,850	620	4.6	13,750	13,080	670	4.9	13,720	13,170	540	4.0
Franklin	40,130	38,990	1,140	2.8	41,500	40,200	1,300	3.1	41,480	40,440	1,040	2.5
Gallatin	17,300	16,630	680	3.9	17,850	17,160	690	3.9	17,850	17,260	590	3.3
Germantown	19,490	18,820	680	3.5	19,780	19,100	680	3.4	19,740	19,200	540	2.7
Hendersonville	30,320	29,370	950	3.1	31,400	30,310	1,090	3.5	31,380	30,490	890	2.8
Jackson	31,090	29,680	1,400	4.5	31,830	30,210	1,630	5.1	31,550	30,230	1,320	4.2
Johnson City	31,020	29,730	1,280	4.1	31,320	29,950	1,380	4.4	31,330	30,190	1,140	3.6
Kingsport	22,510	21,460	1,060	4.7	22,680	21,500	1,190	5.2	22,500	21,570	930	4.1
Knoxville	94,170	90,430	3,740	4.0	94,840	90,920	3,920	4.1	94,440	91,230	3,210	3.4
LaVergne	18,060	17,420	640	3.5	18,740	18,020	710	3.8	18,700	18,110	590	3.1
Lebanon	13,850	13,280	560	4.1	14,370	13,750	620	4.3	14,290	13,820	480	3.3
Maryville	13,330	12,840	500	3.7	13,440	12,910	540	4.0	13,380	12,950	430	3.2
Memphis	287,830	272,640	15,190	5.3	294,010	276,690	17,320	5.9	292,450	278,210	14,250	4.9
Morristown	11,160	10,630	530	4.8	11,470	10,880	590	5.1	11,440	10,940	510	4.4
*Mount Juliet	16,490	15,940	550	3.3	17,090	16,500	590	3.5	17,070	16,580	490	2.9
Murfreesboro	68,580	66,250	2,340	3.4	71,130	68,560	2,560	3.6	71,030	68,910	2,130	3.0
Nashville	373,620	361,630	11,990	3.2	386,660	373,490	13,170	3.4	386,040	375,540	10,500	2.7
Oak Ridge	14,020	13,450	570	4.1	14,210	13,520	680	4.8	14,070	13,570	500	3.6
Smyrna	24,760	23,950	800	3.2	25,690	24,790	900	3.5	25,650	24,920	730	2.9
Spring Hill	18,970	18,430	540	2.8	19,660	19,020	640	3.3	19,630	19,130	500	2.6

*2016 Census changes: **Micropolitan Areas**-Dayton and Brownsville added, Columbia, Harriman, Humboldt, LaFollette deleted. **Cities**: Mount Juliet added and Union City deleted.

Total nonfarm employment in Chattanooga increased by 3,100 jobs from March 2017 to April 2017. There were increases in leisure/hospitality (up 600 jobs); professional/business services (up 500 jobs); transportation/warehousing/utilities and educational/health services (both up 400 jobs); retail trade and durable goods manufacturing (both up 300 jobs); and local government and nondurable goods manufacturing (both up 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 7,400 jobs. During the year, goods-producing jobs increased by 1,700 while service-providing jobs increased by 5,700.

**CHATTANOOGA MSA
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES
(NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)**



ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	April	Revised	Preliminary	Net Change	
	2016	March 2017	April 2017	Apr. 2016 Apr. 2017	Mar. 2017 Apr. 2017
Total Nonfarm	251.3	255.6	258.7	7.4	3.1
Total Private	214.2	217.0	219.9	5.7	2.9
Goods-Producing	41.7	42.8	43.4	1.7	0.6
Mining, Logging, & Construction	10.1	9.9	10.0	-0.1	0.1
Manufacturing	31.6	32.9	33.4	1.8	0.5
Durable Goods Manufacturing	16.8	17.1	17.4	0.6	0.3
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	14.8	15.8	16.0	1.2	0.2
Service-Providing	209.6	212.8	215.3	5.7	2.5
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	52.3	52.6	53.3	1.0	0.7
Wholesale Trade	8.3	8.4	8.4	0.1	0.0
Retail Trade	27.2	27.7	28.0	0.8	0.3
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	16.8	16.5	16.9	0.1	0.4
Information	3.1	3.1	3.0	-0.1	-0.1
Financial Activities	15.7	16.1	16.2	0.5	0.1
Professional & Business Services	29.0	28.5	29.0	0.0	0.5
Educational & Health Services	33.3	33.6	34.0	0.7	0.4
Leisure & Hospitality	27.9	29.1	29.7	1.8	0.6
Other Services	11.2	11.2	11.3	0.1	0.1
Government	37.1	38.6	38.8	1.7	0.2
Federal Government	5.4	5.4	5.4	0.0	0.0
State Government	6.8	7.1	7.1	0.3	0.0
Local Government	24.8	25.9	26.1	1.3	0.2

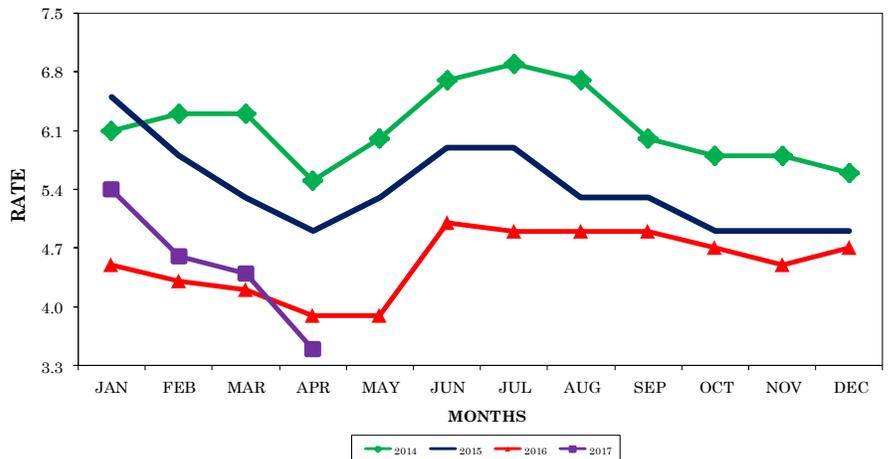


Knoxville MSA -Anderson, Blount, Campbell, Grainger, Knox, Loudon, Morgan, Roane, Union

Total nonfarm employment in Knoxville increased by 1,700 jobs from March 2017 to April 2017. There were increases in leisure/hospitality (up 1,000 jobs); state government (up 700 jobs); retail trade (up 500 jobs); educational/health services (up 300 jobs); transportation/warehousing/ utilities and durable goods manufacturing (both up 200 jobs). This was partially offset by declines in professional/business services (down 600 jobs); financial activities (down 300 jobs); and local government and wholesale trade (both down 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 1,000 jobs. During the year, goods-producing jobs decreased by 400 while service-providing jobs increased by 1,400.

KNOXVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES (NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)



ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	April 2016	Revised	Preliminary	Net Change	
		March 2017	April 2017	Apr. 2016 Apr. 2017	Mar. 2017 Apr. 2017
Total Nonfarm	393.2	392.5	394.2	1.0	1.7
Total Private	331.7	330.9	332.1	0.4	1.2
Goods-Producing	55.9	55.3	55.5	-0.4	0.2
Mining, Logging, & Construction	17.8	17.2	17.1	-0.7	-0.1
Manufacturing	38.1	38.1	38.4	0.3	0.3
Durable Goods Manufacturing	28.3	28.2	28.4	0.1	0.2
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	9.8	9.9	10.0	0.2	0.1
Service-Providing	337.3	337.2	338.7	1.4	1.5
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	78.9	79.6	80.1	1.2	0.5
Wholesale Trade	16.8	17.1	16.9	0.1	-0.2
Retail Trade	47.5	47.6	48.1	0.6	0.5
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	14.6	14.9	15.1	0.5	0.2
Information	5.6	5.7	5.7	0.1	0.0
Financial Activities	18.9	19.4	19.1	0.2	-0.3
Professional & Business Services	62.8	61.8	61.2	-1.6	-0.6
Educational & Health Services	52.9	53.1	53.4	0.5	0.3
Leisure & Hospitality	41.8	41.2	42.2	0.4	1.0
Other Services	14.9	14.8	14.9	0.0	0.1
Government	61.5	61.6	62.1	0.6	0.5
Federal Government	5.3	5.4	5.4	0.1	0.0
State Government	20.5	20.2	20.9	0.4	0.7
Local Government	35.7	36.0	35.8	0.1	-0.2

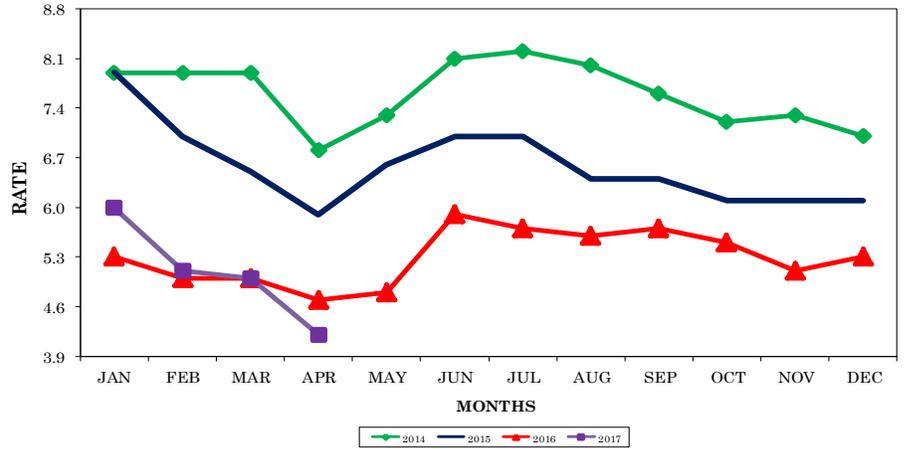


Memphis MSA - TN - Fayette, Shelby, Tipton AR - Crittenden MS - Benton, DeSoto, Marshall, Tate, Tunica

Total nonfarm employment increased by 4,200 jobs from March 2017 to April 2017. There were increases in retail trade (up 1,800 jobs); transportation/ warehousing/utilities (up 1,500 jobs); leisure/hospitality (up 900 jobs); mining/logging/construction (up 800 jobs); and administrative/support/waste management and educational/health services (both up 300 jobs). This was partially offset by declines of 1,200 jobs in local government and 200 jobs in both nondurable goods manufacturing and management of companies/enterprises.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 9,200 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 3,100, while service-providing jobs increased by 6,100.

MEMPHIS MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES (NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)



ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	April	Revised	Preliminary	Net Change	
	2016	March 2017	April 2017	Apr. 2016 Apr. 2017	Mar. 2017 Apr. 2017
Total Nonfarm	637.6	642.6	646.8	9.2	4.2
Total Private	555.4	560.6	565.6	10.2	5.0
Goods-Producing	67.6	70.2	70.7	3.1	0.5
Mining, Logging, & Construction	21.5	23.4	24.2	2.7	0.8
Manufacturing	46.1	46.8	46.5	0.4	-0.3
Durable Goods Manufacturing	25.2	25.3	25.2	0.0	-0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	20.9	21.5	21.3	0.4	-0.2
Service-Providing	570.0	572.4	576.1	6.1	3.7
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	172.3	176.3	179.5	7.2	3.2
Wholesale Trade	35.4	36.9	36.8	1.4	-0.1
Retail Trade	67.8	69.6	71.4	3.6	1.8
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	69.1	69.8	71.3	2.2	1.5
Information	5.7	5.7	5.7	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	27.8	27.7	27.6	-0.2	-0.1
Professional & Business Services	97.0	95.0	95.1	-1.9	0.1
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	24.2	24.9	24.7	0.5	-0.2
Management of Companies & Enterprises	7.3	7.6	7.6	0.3	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	65.5	62.5	62.8	-2.7	0.3
Educational & Health Services	92.6	93.6	93.9	1.3	0.3
Leisure & Hospitality	67.4	67.1	68.0	0.6	0.9
Other Services	25.0	25.0	25.1	0.1	0.1
Government	82.2	82.0	81.2	-0.8	-1.0
Federal Government	13.5	13.2	13.2	0.0	-0.3
State Government	16.0	16.6	16.5	-0.1	0.5
Local Government	52.7	52.2	51.5	-0.7	-1.2

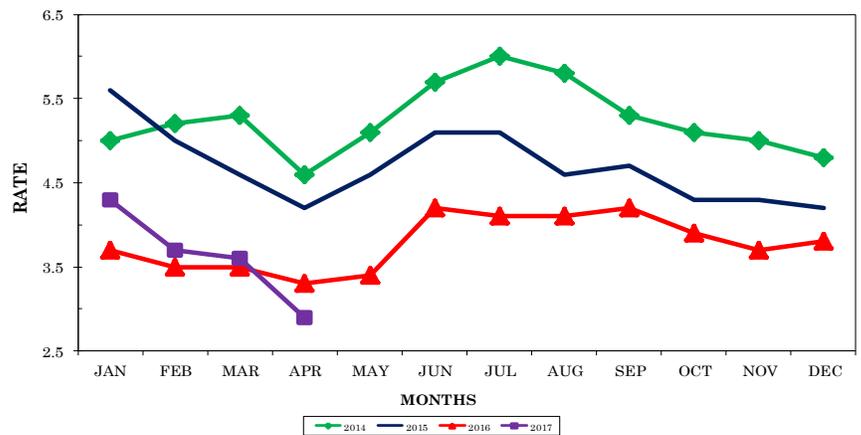


Nashville MSA — Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Maury, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, Wilson

Total nonfarm employment increased by 5,900 jobs from March 2017 to April 2017. There were increases in educational/health services (up 2,500 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,900 jobs in health care/social assistance; leisure/hospitality (up 1,600 jobs); administrative/support/waste management (up 1,300 jobs); state government (up 1,000 jobs); transportation/warehousing/utilities (up 800 jobs); retail trade (up 600 jobs); mining/logging/construction and financial activities (both up 500 jobs); and durable goods manufacturing and management of companies/enterprises (both up 200 jobs). These increases were partially offset by declines in local government (down 8,000 jobs), professional/scientific/technical services (down 1,300 jobs), and wholesale trade (down 300 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 33,400 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 7,800, while service-providing jobs increased by 25,600.

NASHVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES (NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)



ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	April	Revised	Preliminary	Net Change	
	2016	March 2017	April 2017	Apr. 2016 Apr. 2017	Mar. 2017 Apr. 2017
Total Nonfarm	944.5	972.0	977.9	33.4	5.9
Total Private	827.6	850.8	857.4	29.8	6.6
Goods-Producing	119.9	127.0	127.7	7.8	0.7
Mining, Logging, & Construction	38.8	43.0	43.5	4.7	0.5
Manufacturing	81.1	84.0	84.2	3.1	0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	58.0	61.0	61.2	3.2	0.2
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	23.1	23.0	23.0	-0.1	0.0
Service-Providing	824.6	845.0	850.2	25.6	5.2
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	179.2	182.2	183.3	4.1	1.1
Wholesale Trade	38.9	39.0	38.7	-0.2	-0.3
Retail Trade	96.1	98.4	99.0	2.9	0.6
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	44.2	44.8	45.6	1.4	0.8
Information	22.7	23.5	23.4	0.7	-0.1
Financial Activities	61.9	63.5	64.0	2.1	0.5
Professional & Business Services	154.4	159.3	159.5	5.1	0.2
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	59.7	64.7	63.4	3.7	-1.3
Management of Companies & Enterprises	20.8	21.5	21.7	0.9	0.2
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	73.9	73.1	74.4	0.5	1.3
Educational & Health Services	144.8	148.9	151.4	6.6	2.5
Educational Services	28.5	30.2	30.8	2.3	0.6
Health Care & Social Assistance	116.3	118.7	120.6	4.3	1.9
Leisure & Hospitality	105.8	107.0	108.6	2.8	1.6
Other Services	38.9	39.4	39.5	0.6	0.1
Government	116.9	121.2	120.5	3.6	-7.0
Federal Government	13.5	13.6	13.6	0.1	0.0
State Government	29.7	31.3	31.4	1.7	1.0
Local Government	73.7	76.2	75.7	1.8	-8.0

Nonfarm Employment (Smaller MSAs)

	Clarksville, TN-KY MSA		Cleveland, TN MSA		Jackson, TN MSA	
	Mar. 2017 Revised	Apr. 2017 Prelim.	Mar. 2017 Revised	Apr. 2017 Prelim.	Mar. 2017 Revised	Apr. 2017 Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	89,900	90,500	48,100	48,500	68,900	68,800
Total Private	70,500	70,900	42,100	42,400	54,700	54,600
Goods-Producing	13,800	13,600	11,700	11,700	13,300	13,300
Mining, Logging, & Construction	3,100	3,100	1,600	1,600	2,700	2,800
Manufacturing	10,700	10,500	10,100	10,100	10,600	10,500
Service-Providing	76,100	76,900	36,400	36,800	55,600	55,500
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	17,000	17,000	8,900	9,000	12,700	12,800
Wholesale Trade	N.A.	N.A.	900	900	2,900	2,900
Retail Trade	12,600	12,600	5,200	5,300	7,900	8,100
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	2,300	2,300	2,800	2,800	1,900	1,800
Information	1,500	1,600	300	300	500	500
Financial Activities	3,200	3,200	1,600	1,500	2,100	2,100
Professional & Business Services	8,800	8,800	6,700	6,700	7,300	7,200
Educational & Health Services	11,800	11,800	5,600	5,700	10,800	10,500
Leisure & Hospitality	11,100	11,600	5,100	5,300	6,200	6,400
Other Services	3,300	3,300	2,200	2,200	1,800	1,800
Government	19,400	19,600	6,000	6,100	14,200	14,200
Federal Government	5,400	5,500	300	300	500	500
State Government	3,500	3,600	900	900	2,000	2,000
Local Government	10,500	10,500	4,800	4,900	11,700	11,700

	Johnson City, TN MSA		Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA MSA		Morristown, TN MSA	
	Mar. 2017 Revised	Apr. 2017 Prelim.	Mar. 2017 Revised	Apr. 2017 Prelim.	Mar. 2017 Revised	Apr. 2017 Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	80,500	81,300	121,600	122,200	46,400	46,600
Total Private	64,000	64,500	104,700	105,200	39,300	39,600
Goods-Producing	9,600	9,700	27,800	28,000	13,000	13,000
Mining, Logging, & Construction	2,100	2,200	7,100	7,100	1,900	1,900
Manufacturing	7,500	7,500	20,700	20,900	11,100	11,100
Service-Providing	70,900	71,600	93,800	94,200	33,400	33,600
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	13,700	14,000	24,700	24,600	9,900	9,900
Wholesale Trade	2,100	2,200	4,400	4,400	1,800	1,800
Retail Trade	10,800	11,000	15,300	15,100	5,800	5,900
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	800	800	5,000	5,100	2,300	2,200
Information	1,400	1,400	1,500	1,500	400	400
Financial Activities	4,300	4,300	3,600	3,600	900	900
Professional & Business Services	9,000	9,100	9,800	9,800	4,100	4,300
Educational & Health Services	14,300	14,200	18,900	18,900	5,900	5,800
Leisure & Hospitality	9,300	9,400	13,000	13,400	4,000	4,200
Other Services	2,400	2,400	5,400	5,400	1,100	1,100
Government	16,500	16,800	16,900	17,000	7,100	7,000
Federal Government	2,800	2,900	900	900	300	300
State Government	5,700	5,800	2,600	2,700	1,700	1,700
Local Government	8,000	8,100	13,400	13,400	5,100	5,000

Clarksville MSA is Montgomery County, Christian County, KY, & Trigg County, KY. **Cleveland MSA** is Bradley & Polk counties. **Jackson MSA** is Chester, Crockett, & Madison counties. **Johnson City MSA** is Carter, Unicoi, & Washington counties. **Kingsport-Bristol MSA** is Hawkins County, Sullivan County, Scott County, VA, Washington County, VA, & Bristol City, VA. **Morristown MSA** is Hamblen & Jefferson counties.

U.S. Consumer Price Index — April 2017

Group	All Urban Consumers			Wage & Clerical Earners		
	Index	Percent Change		Index	Percent Change	
		Yearly	Monthly		Yearly	Monthly
U.S. City Average						
All Items (1982-84=100)	244.524	2.2	0.3	238.432	2.1	0.3
Food and beverages	249.538	0.6	0.2	248.450	0.4	0.2
Housing	249.514	3.2	0.2	245.601	3.2	0.2
Apparel	128.349	0.5	0.1	127.566	0.1	-0.1
Transportation	202.389	3.5	1.1	200.876	3.8	1.3
Medical care	473.582	3.0	-0.2	478.133	3.1	-0.2
South						
All Items (1982-84=100)	236.728	2.0	0.2	232.552	2.0	0.3
Food and beverages	247.102	0.3	0.1	246.024	0.2	0.1
Housing	230.099	2.8	0.1	230.280	3.0	0.2
Apparel	137.268	0.3	0.3	136.322	-0.2	-0.5
Transportation	203.409	4.4	1.3	200.345	4.6	1.5
Medical care	455.471	4.1	-0.5	463.212	4.3	-0.5

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS		
	Apr. 2016	Mar. 2017	Apr. 2017	Apr. 2016	Mar. 2017	Apr. 2017	Apr. 2016	Mar. 2017	Apr. 2017
	Manufacturing	\$749.89	\$811.69	\$773.66	\$17.77	\$19.28	\$19.15	42.2	42.1
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$752.27	\$839.16	\$785.27	\$18.04	\$19.98	\$19.78	41.7	42.0	39.7
Non-Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$744.76	\$764.66	\$757.27	\$17.32	\$18.12	\$18.16	43.0	42.2	41.7

ALL EMPLOYEE HOURS AND EARNINGS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS		
	Apr. 2016	Mar. 2017	Apr. 2017	Apr. 2016	Mar. 2017	Apr. 2017	Apr. 2016	Mar. 2017	Apr. 2017
	Total Private	\$756.50	\$790.72	\$804.79	\$21.37	\$22.40	\$22.67	35.4	35.3
Goods-Producing	\$948.78	\$991.46	\$970.42	\$22.59	\$23.55	\$23.44	42.0	42.1	41.4
Mining, Logging and Construction	\$908.11	\$945.63	\$975.66	\$22.99	\$23.94	\$24.15	39.5	39.5	40.4
Manufacturing	\$961.29	\$1,009.40	\$969.34	\$22.46	\$23.42	\$23.19	42.8	43.1	41.8
Private Service-Providing	\$712.92	\$746.30	\$768.47	\$21.03	\$22.08	\$22.47	33.9	33.8	34.2
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	\$667.43	\$693.94	\$711.39	\$19.29	\$20.35	\$20.68	34.6	34.1	34.4
Information	\$1,035.09	\$1,157.36	\$1,253.95	\$27.90	\$31.28	\$32.57	37.1	37.0	38.5
Financial Activities	\$969.61	\$989.89	\$1,056.89	\$26.42	\$26.61	\$27.74	36.7	37.2	38.1
Professional and Business Services	\$909.79	\$971.64	\$1,013.38	\$24.79	\$26.99	\$27.84	36.7	36.0	36.4
Education and Health Services	\$780.40	\$793.26	\$798.34	\$22.49	\$22.60	\$22.68	34.7	35.1	35.2
Leisure and Hospitality	\$326.42	\$346.30	\$353.19	\$12.18	\$12.97	\$12.89	26.8	26.7	27.4
Other Services	\$639.94	\$652.39	\$666.27	\$19.57	\$19.89	\$20.19	32.7	32.8	33.0

TENNESSEE & UNITED STATES UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Seasonally Adjusted/ TN Solid Line)

